

Heavy new physics in top production and decay

C. Degrande
UIUC

Snowmass Energy Frontier Workshop

Brookhaven, April 3-6

Plan

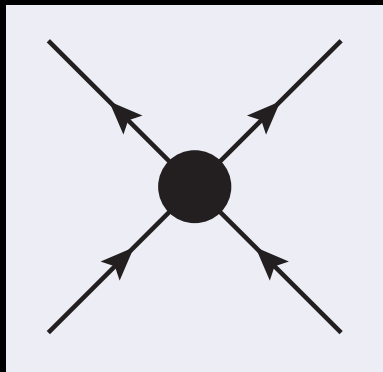
- Introduction to EFT
- Top decay
- Top pair production
- Same sign top pair production
- Concluding remarks

Effective Field Theory

- Energy of the process (E) \ll New Physics scale (Λ)
- Expansion in $E/\Lambda \ll 1$
- Lagrangian :
$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} + \sum_{d>4} \sum_i \frac{c_i^d}{\Lambda^{d-4}} \mathcal{O}_i^d$$
- Operators with the lowest dimension have the largest effects
- One theory : fixed coefficients
- Free coefficients = Model Independent

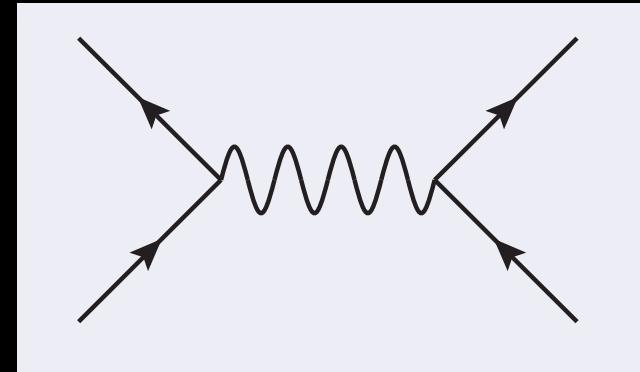
Model Independent Searches

EFT



“Global” shape effects

Resonance

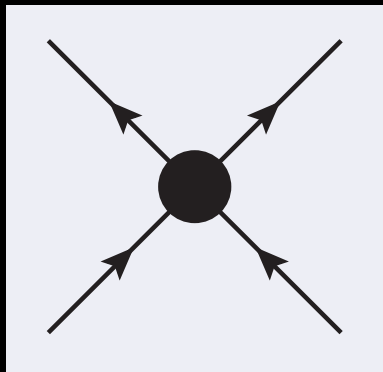


Peak in the invariant
mass

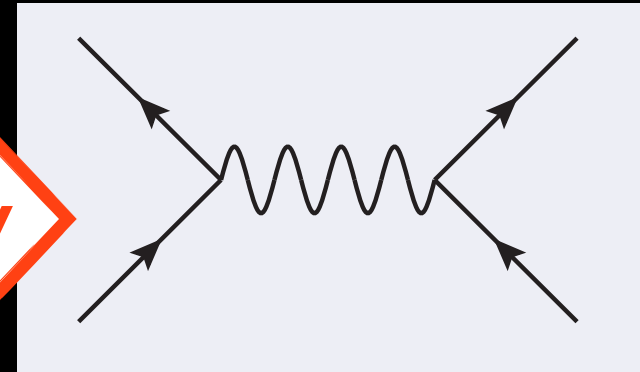
Λ

Model Independent Searches

EFT



Resonance



Complementary

“Global” shape effects

Peak in the invariant
mass

Λ

Building the operators

- SM symmetries including B and L
- Dimension-six operators
- CP
- Interference only:

$$|M|^2 = |M_{SM}|^2 + 2\Re(M_{SM}M_{dim6}^*) + \mathcal{O}(\Lambda^{-4})$$

(SM-like) Top decay

$$t \rightarrow bW \quad \mathcal{O}_{\phi q}^{(3)} = i (\phi^\dagger \tau^i D_\mu \phi) (\bar{Q} \gamma^\mu \tau^i Q) + h.c.$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{tW} = \bar{Q} \sigma_{\mu\nu} \tau^i t \tilde{\phi} W_i^{\mu\nu}.$$

C. Zhang, S Willenbrock, PRD83, 034008

$$t \rightarrow b l \nu_l \quad \mathcal{O}_{ql}^{(3)} = (\bar{Q} \gamma^\mu \tau^i Q) (\bar{l} \gamma_\mu \tau^i l)$$

J.A. Aguilar-Saavedra, NPB843, 683

+ one four-fermion operator for the hadronic decay

$$\frac{1}{2} \Sigma |M|^2 = \frac{V_{tb}^2 g^4 u (m_t^2 - u)}{2(s - m_W^2)^2} \left(1 + 2 \frac{C_{\phi q}^{(3)} v^2}{V_{tb} \Lambda^2} \right) + \frac{4\sqrt{2} \text{Re} C_{tW} V_{tb} m_t m_W}{\Lambda^2} \frac{g^2 s u}{(s - m_W^2)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{4C_{ql}^{(3)}}{\Lambda^2} \frac{g^2 u (m_t^2 - u)}{s - m_W^2} + \mathcal{O}(\Lambda^{-4})$$

Width and W helicities

$$\frac{\Gamma(t \rightarrow be^+\nu_e)}{\text{GeV}} = 0.1541 + \left[0.019 \frac{C_{\phi q}^{(3)}}{\Lambda^2} + 0.026 \frac{C_{tW}}{\Lambda^2} + 0 \frac{C_{ql}^{(3)}}{\Lambda^2} \right] \text{TeV}^2$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \frac{\Gamma_t}{\text{GeV}} &= \Gamma_{SM} + \left[0.17 \frac{C_{\phi q}^{(3)}}{\Lambda^2} + 0.23 \frac{C_{tW}}{\Lambda^2} \right] \text{TeV}^2 \\ \Gamma_{meas}^* &= 2_{-0.43}^{+0.47} \text{GeV} \\ \Gamma_{SM}^{**} &= 1.33 \text{GeV} \end{aligned} \right\} \frac{C_{\phi q}^{(3)}}{\Lambda^2} + 1.35 \frac{C_{tW}}{\Lambda^2} = 4_{-2.5}^{+2.8} \text{TeV}^{-2}$$

* D0, PRD85, 091104

** M.Jezabek and J.H. Kuhn, NPB314,1

$$\frac{1}{\Gamma} \frac{d\Gamma}{d\cos\theta} = \frac{3}{8}(1 + \cos\theta)^2 F_R + \frac{3}{8}(1 - \cos\theta)^2 F_L + \frac{3}{4} \sin^2\theta F_0$$

$$F_0 = \frac{m_t^2}{m_t^2 + 2m_W^2} - \frac{4\sqrt{2}\text{Re}C_{tW}v^2}{\Lambda^2 V_{tb}} \frac{m_t m_W (m_t^2 - m_W^2)}{(m_t^2 + 2m_W^2)^2}$$

$$F_L = \frac{2m_W^2}{m_t^2 + 2m_W^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{2}\text{Re}C_{tW}v^2}{\Lambda^2 V_{tb}} \frac{m_t m_W (m_t^2 - m_W^2)}{(m_t^2 + 2m_W^2)^2}$$

$$F_R = 0$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} F_0^{SM*} &= 0.687 \pm 5 \\ F_0^{meas**} &= 0.66 \pm 5 \end{aligned} \right\} \frac{C_{tW}}{\Lambda^2} = 0.44 \pm 0.9 \text{TeV}^{-2}$$

* A.Czarnecki, J. G. Korner, J. H. Piclum
PRD81, 111503

** Atlas, JHEP1206(2012)088

C. Degrande

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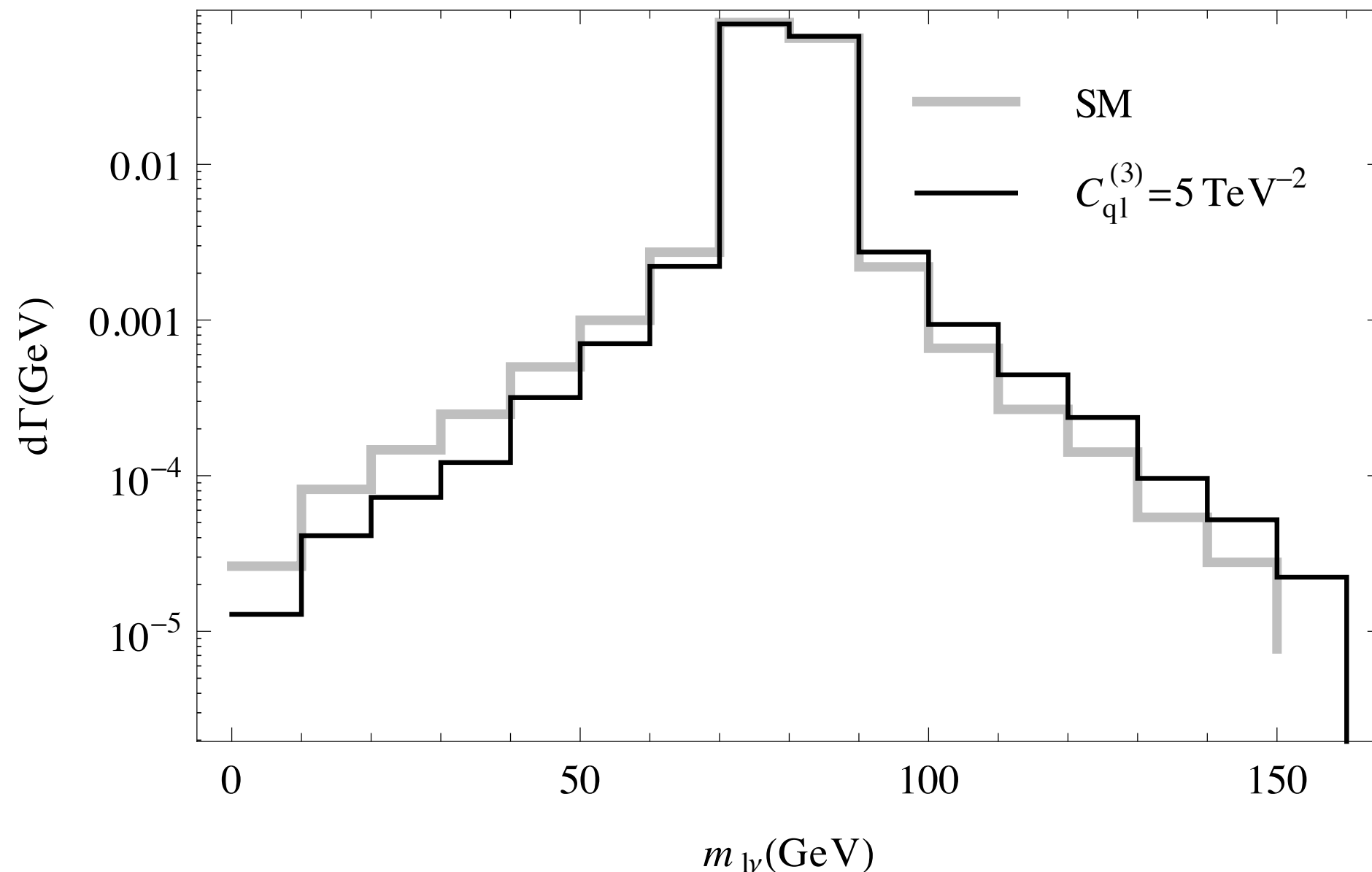
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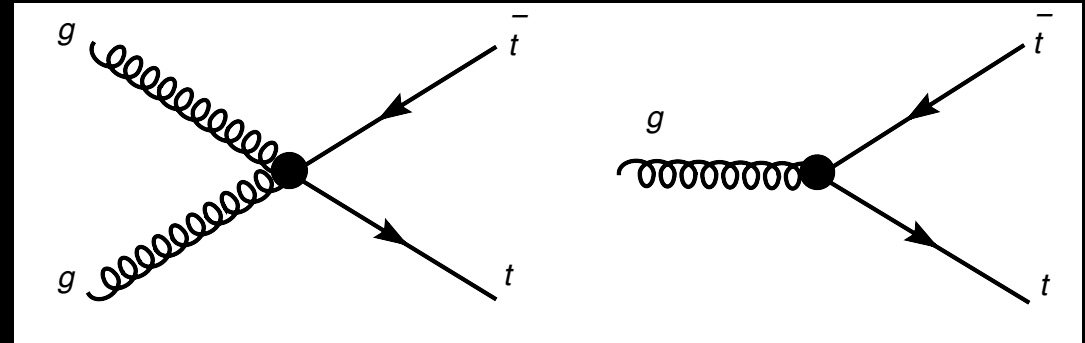
Leptons invariant mass

$$\frac{1}{2}\Sigma|M|^2 = \frac{V_{tb}^2 g^4 u(m_t^2 - u)}{2(s - m_W^2)^2} + \frac{4C_{ql}^{(3)}}{\Lambda^2} \frac{g^2 u(m_t^2 - u)}{s - m_W^2}$$



Top pair production

$$\mathcal{O}_{hG} = \bar{Q} \sigma_{\mu\nu} T^a t \tilde{\phi} G_a^{\mu\nu}$$

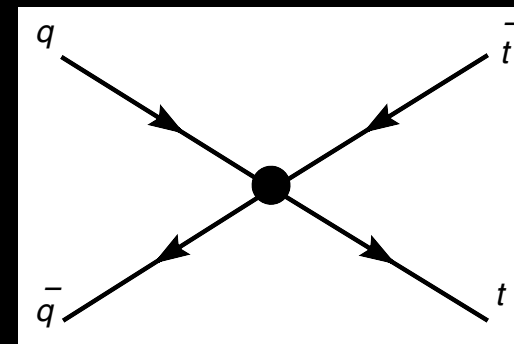


$$\mathcal{O}_{Rv} = \bar{t} \gamma_\mu T^a t \sum_{u,d,s,c} \bar{q} \gamma^\mu T^a q$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{Ra} = \bar{t} \gamma_\mu T^a t \sum_{u,d,s,c} \bar{q} \gamma^\mu \gamma_5 T^a q$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{Lv} = \bar{Q} \gamma_\mu T^a Q \sum_{u,d,s,c} \bar{q} \gamma^\mu T^a q$$

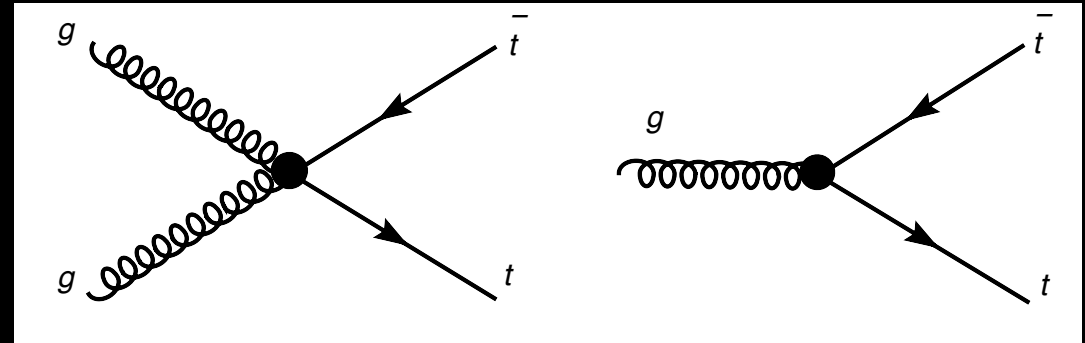
$$\mathcal{O}_{La} = \bar{Q} \gamma_\mu T^a Q \sum_{u,d,s,c} \bar{q} \gamma^\mu \gamma_5 T^a q$$



C.D., J.-M. Gerard, C. Grojean, F. Maltoni, G. Servant, JHEP 1103 (2011) 125

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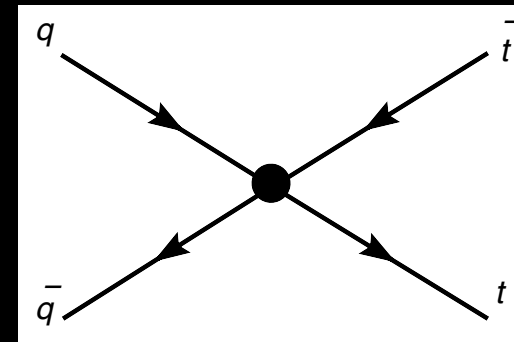


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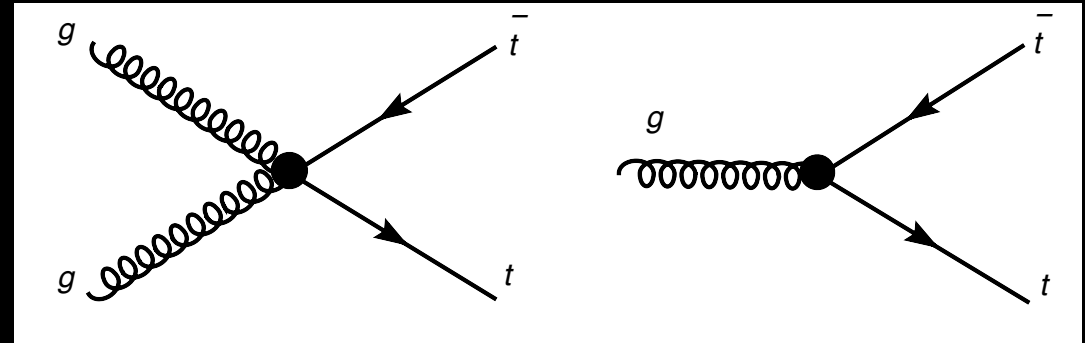
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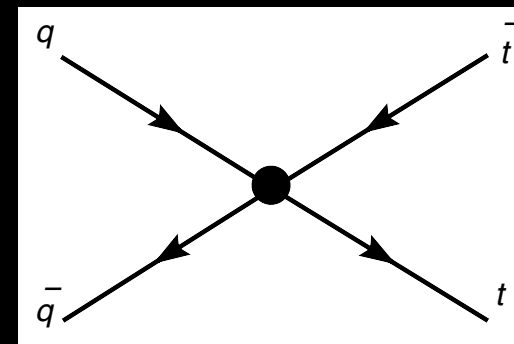


$$\mathcal{O}_{R\gamma} = \bar{t} \gamma_\mu T^a t \sum_{u,d,s,c} \bar{q} \gamma^\mu T^a q$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{R\gamma_5} = \bar{t} \gamma_\mu T^a t \sum_{u,d,s,c} \bar{q} \gamma^\mu \gamma_5 T^a q$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{L\gamma} = \bar{Q} \gamma_\mu T^a Q \sum_{u,d,s,c} \bar{q} \gamma^\mu T^a q$$

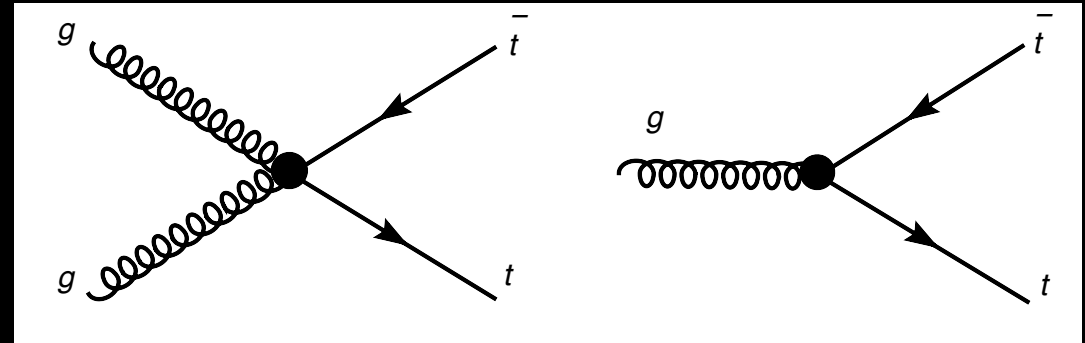
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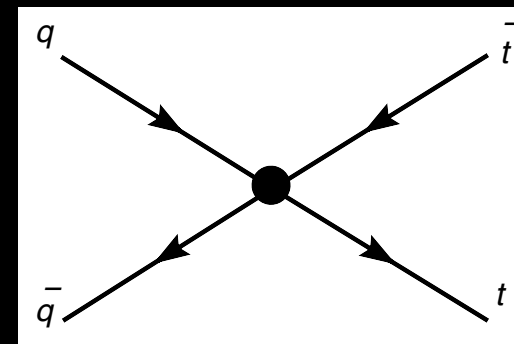


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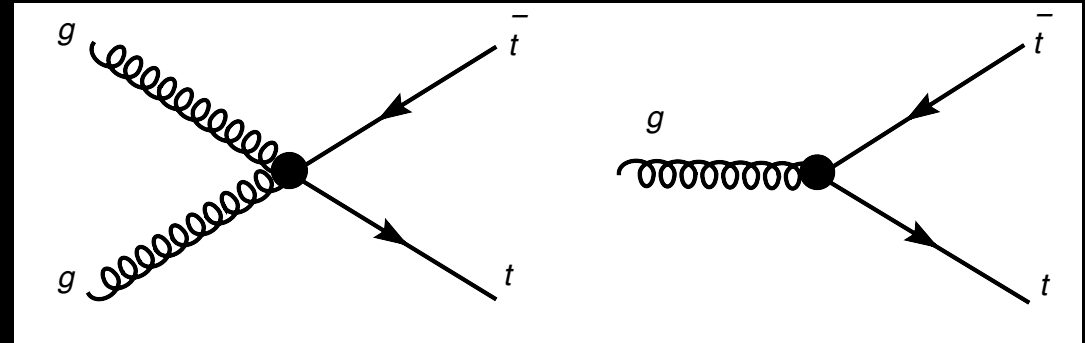
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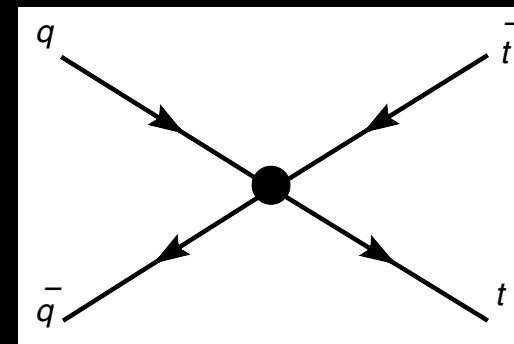


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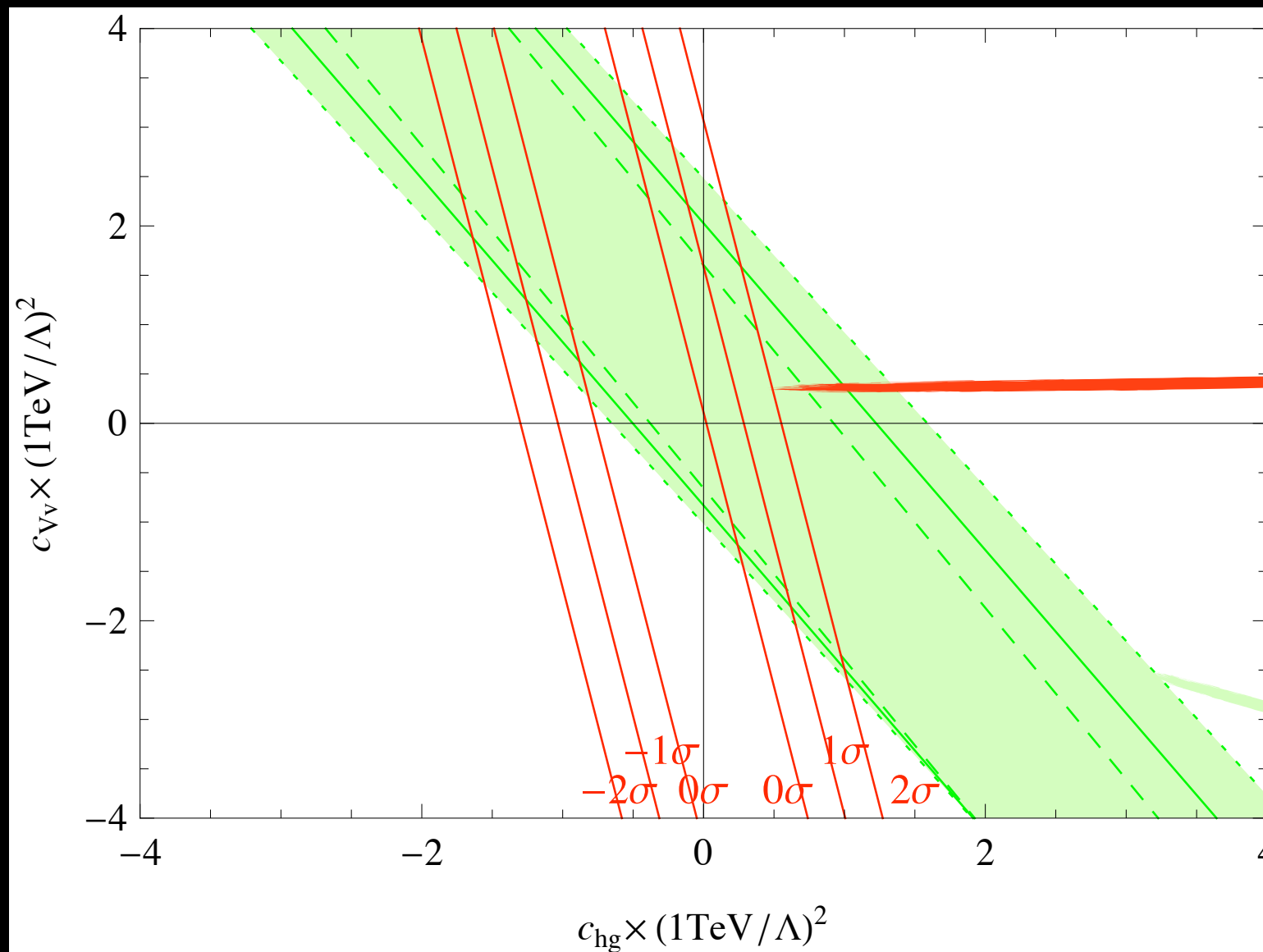


C.D., J.-M. Gerard, C. Grojean, F. Maltoni, G. Servant, JHEP 1103 (2011) 125

Total cross-section

NNLO+NNLL, M. Czakon, P. Fiedler and A. Mitov, arXiv:1303.6254

$$C_{VV} = C_{RV} + C_{LV}$$



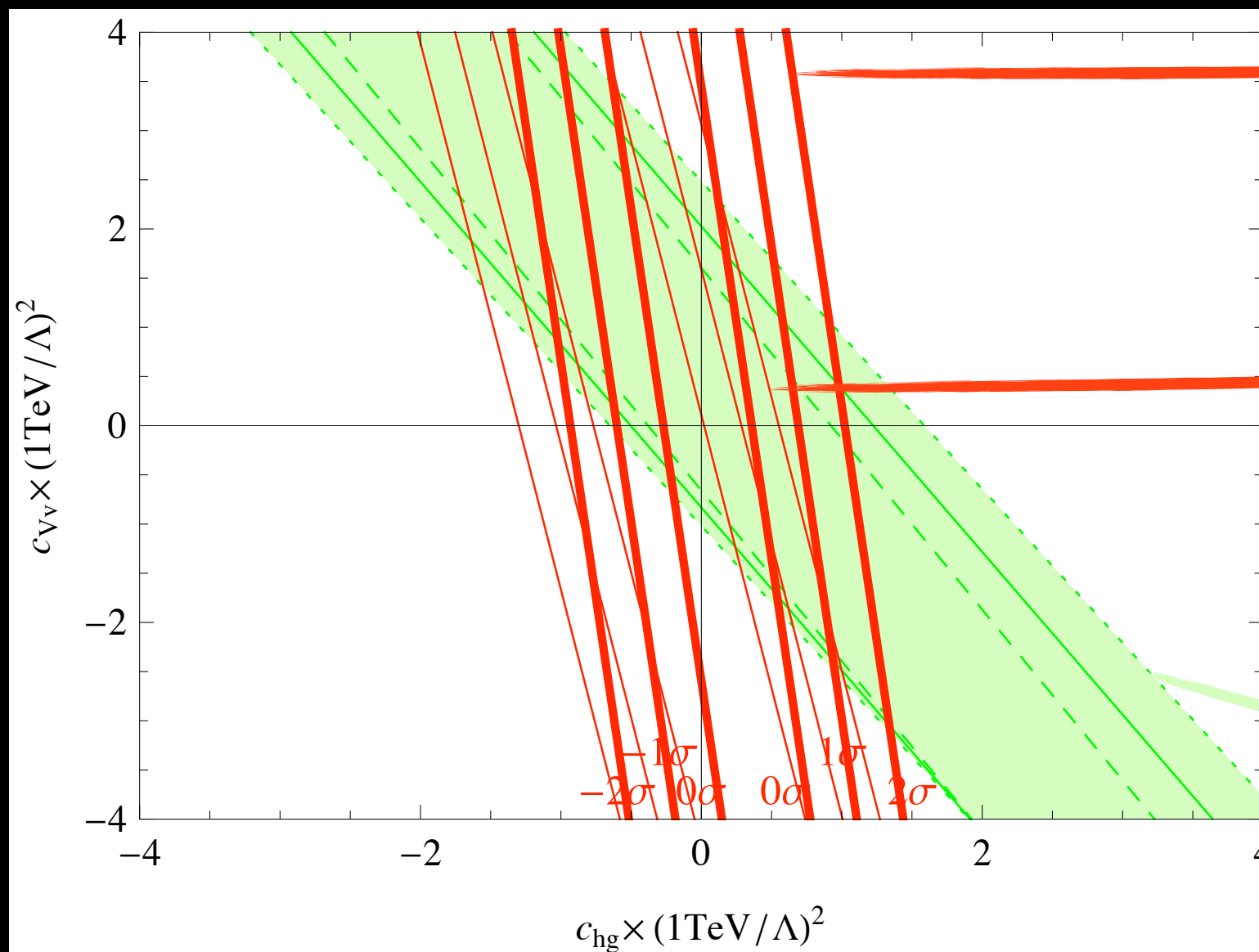
CMS, 7TeV
arXiv : 1208.2671 ,
 $161.9 \pm 2.5 \pm 5.1 \pm 3.6 \text{ pb}^{-1}$

Tevatron 09/2012
Combination
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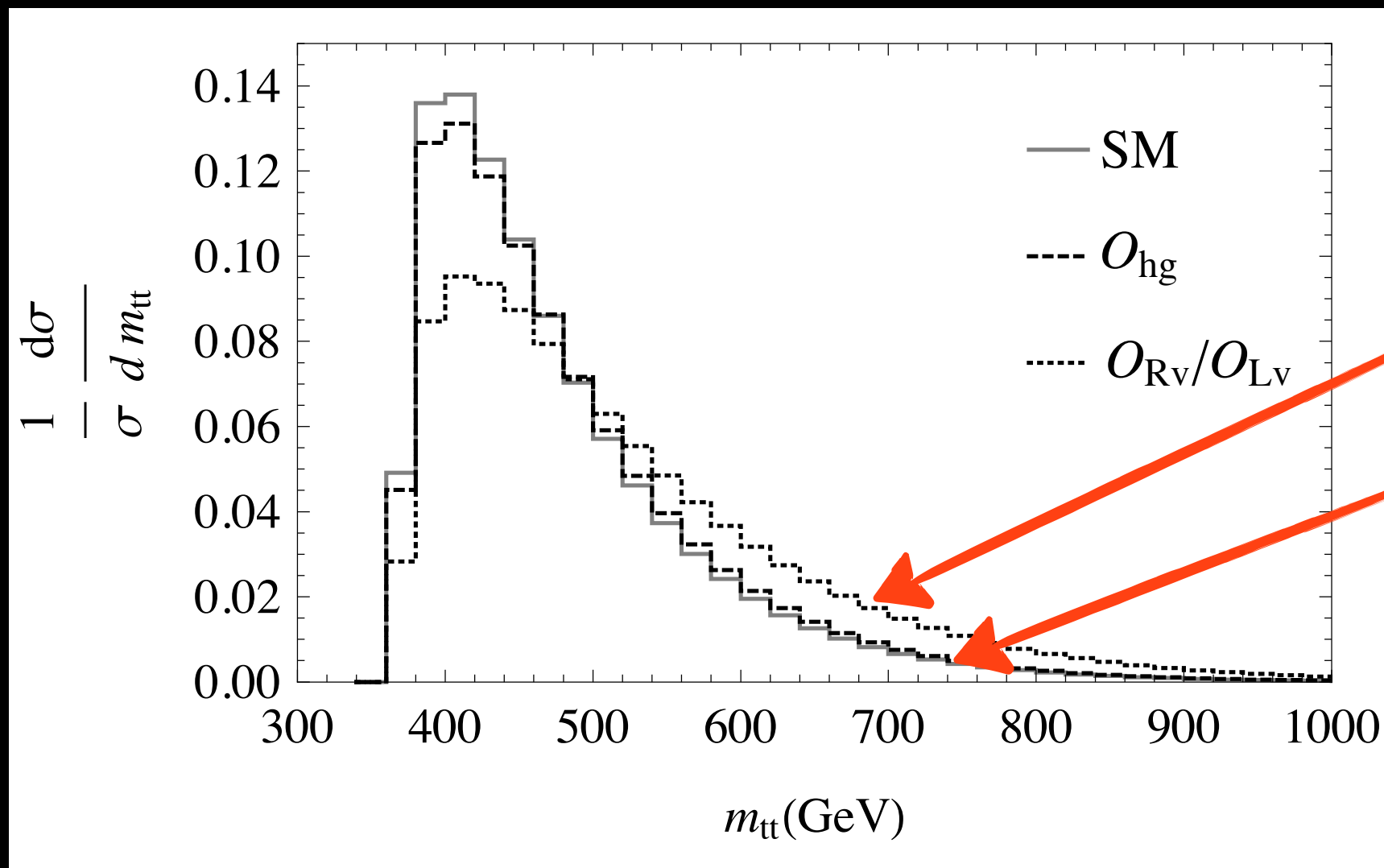


LHC, 14TeV
SM \pm 5%

CMS, 7TeV
arXiv : 1208.2671 ,
161.9 \pm 2.5 \pm 5.1 \pm 3.6 pb⁻¹

Tevatron 09/2012
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7.65 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.36 pb⁻¹

Invariant mass

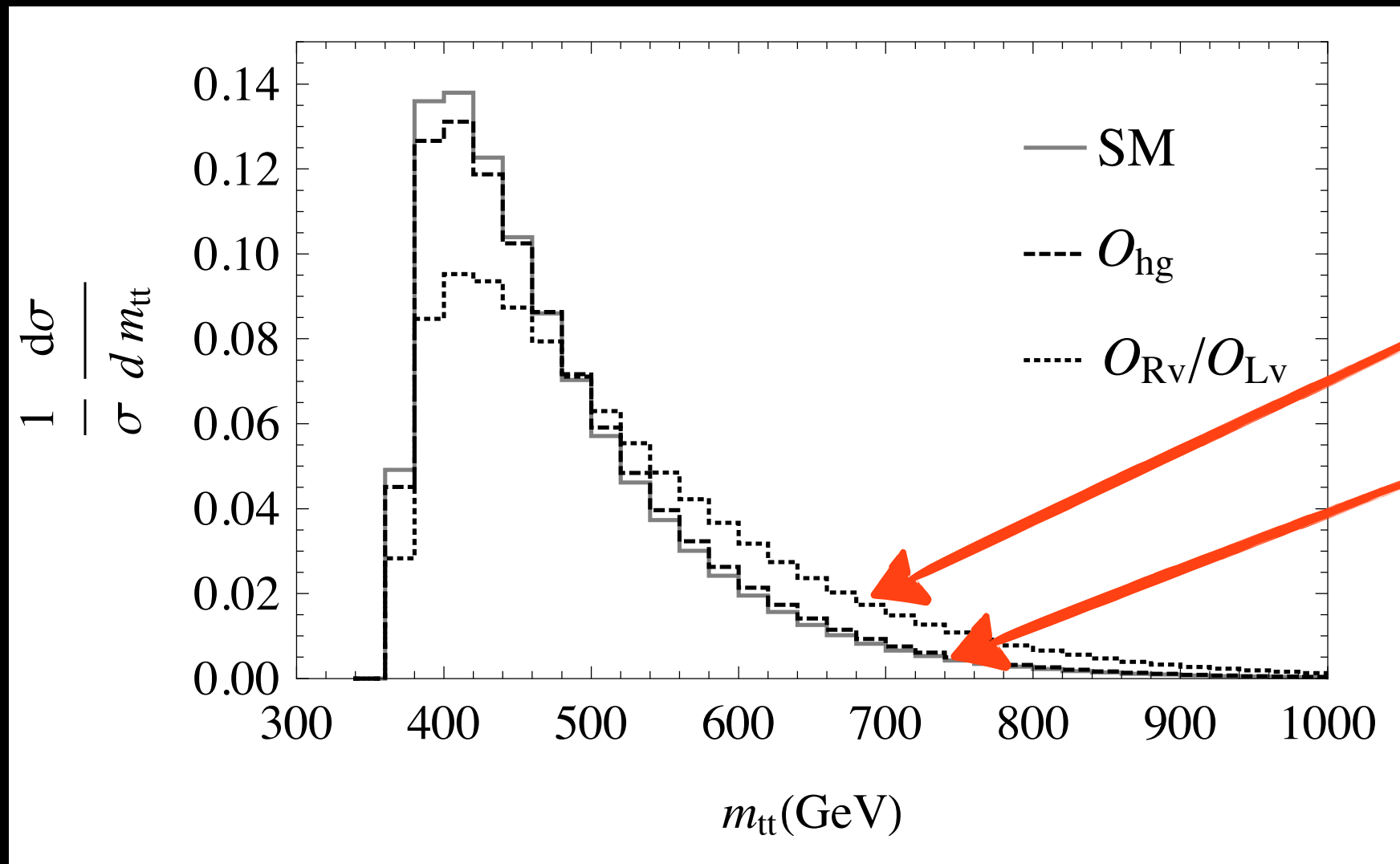


$$\propto SM \times \frac{s}{\Lambda^2}$$

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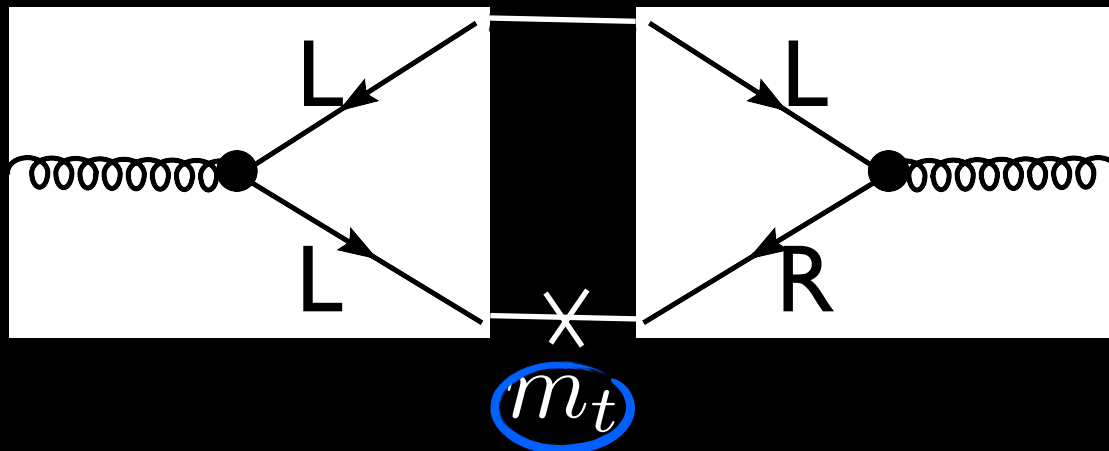
Invariant mass



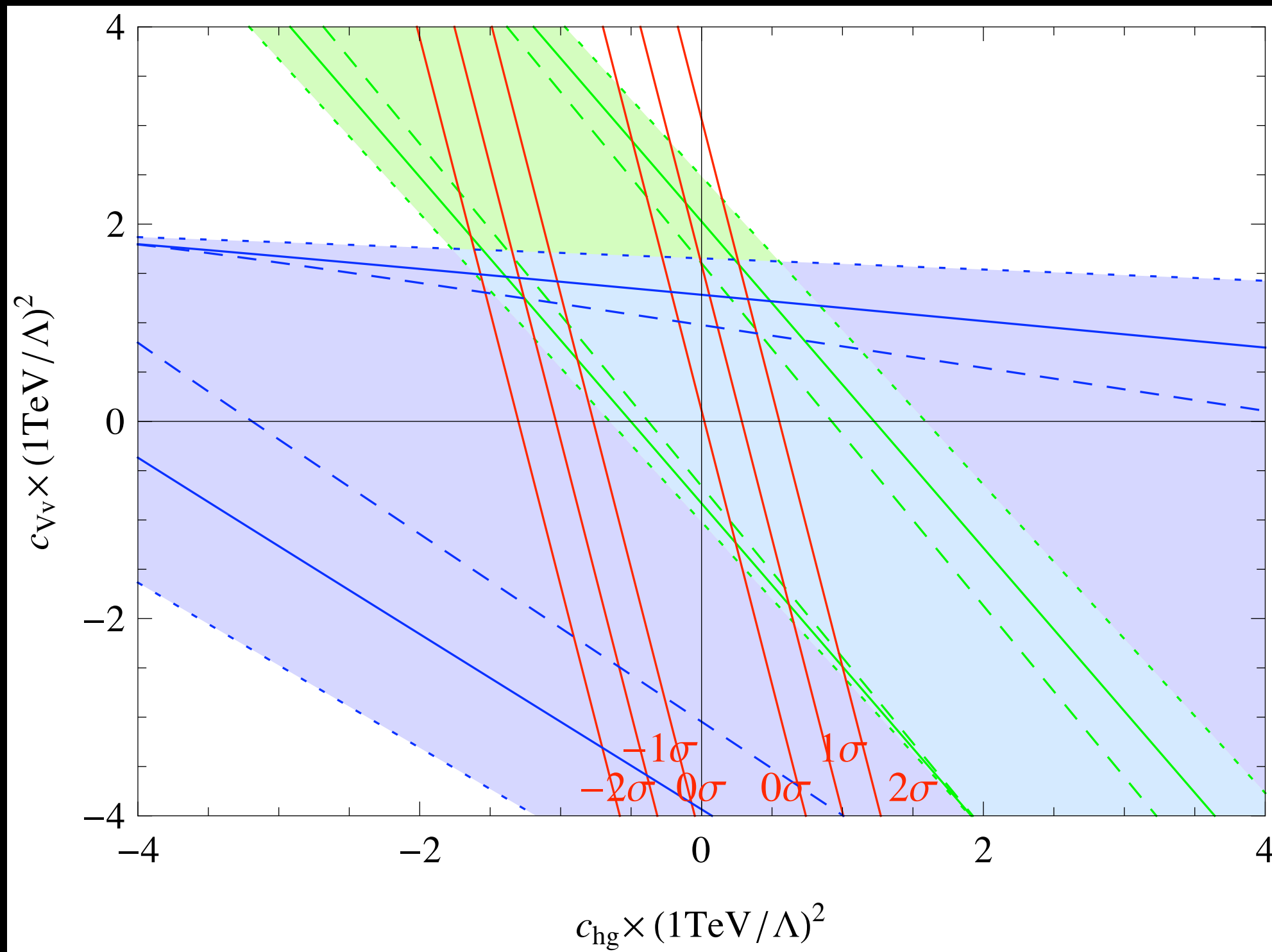
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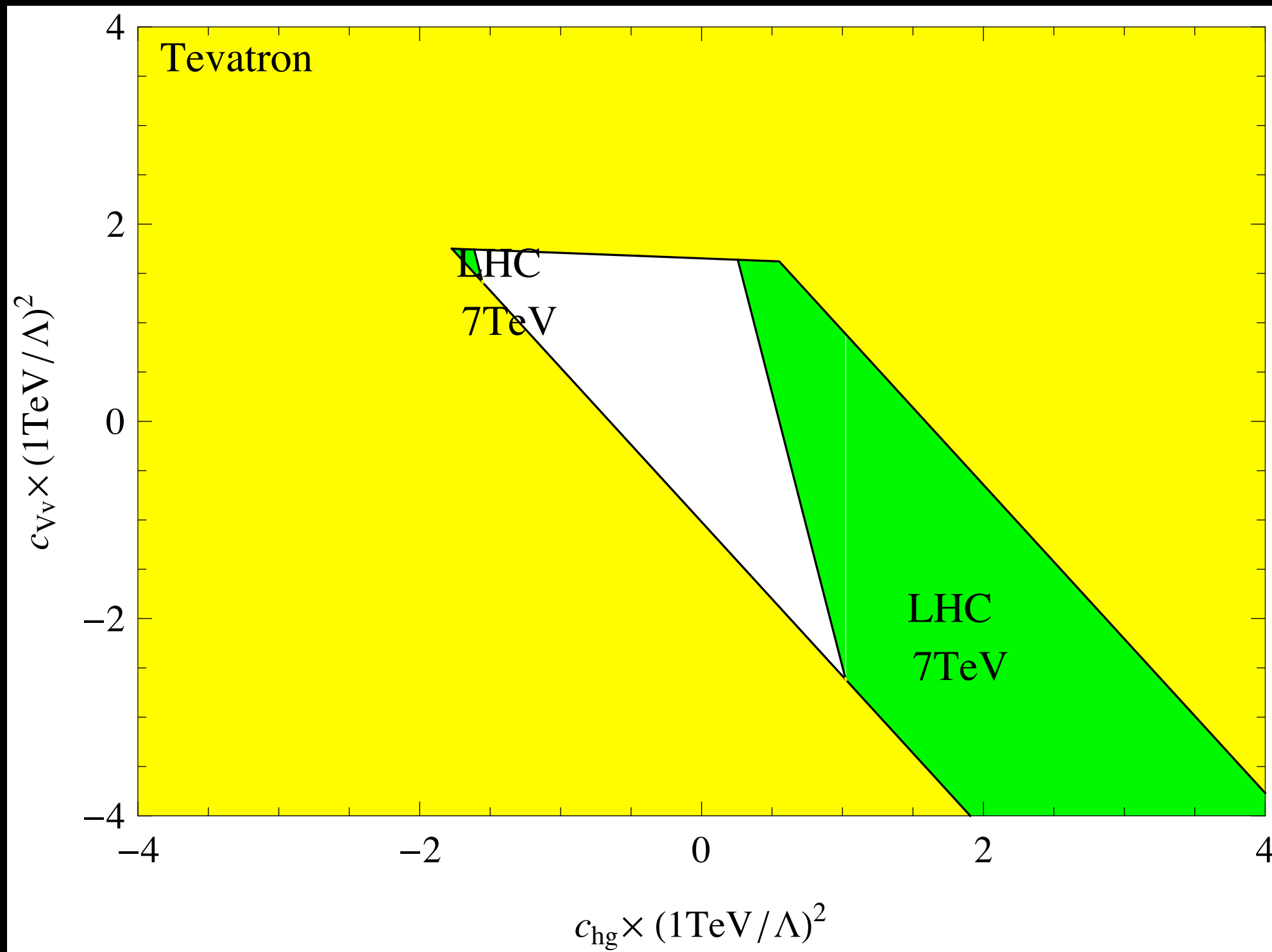
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Constraints



Constraints



FB asymmetry

$$A_{FB}^{obs} = 0.162 \pm 0.047$$

$$A_{FB}^{SM} = 0.066 \pm 0.007$$

$$c_{Aa} = c_{Ra} - c_{La}$$

$$\delta A_{FB} = 0.047^{+0.016}_{-0.011} c_{Aa} \left(\frac{1 \text{ TeV}}{\Lambda} \right)^2 \rightarrow c_{Aa} \left(\frac{1 \text{ TeV}}{\Lambda} \right)^2 = 2.04^{+2.12}_{-1.38} \text{TeV}^{-2}$$

FB asymmetry

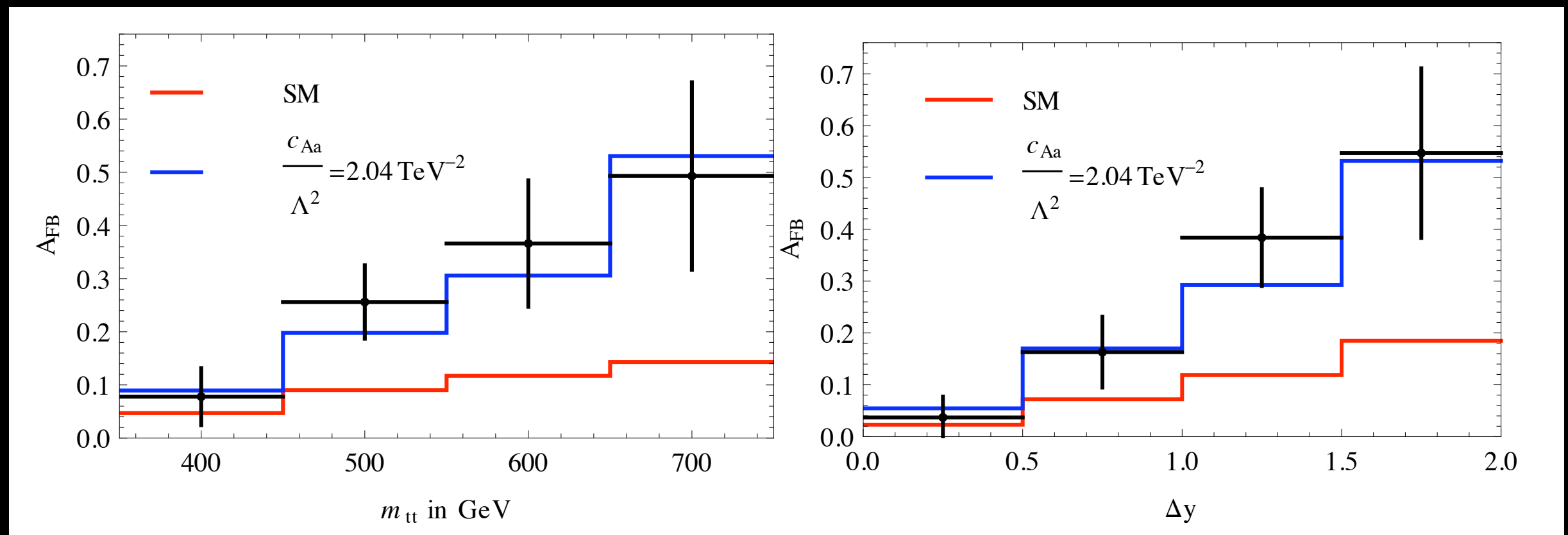
Only Parameter!

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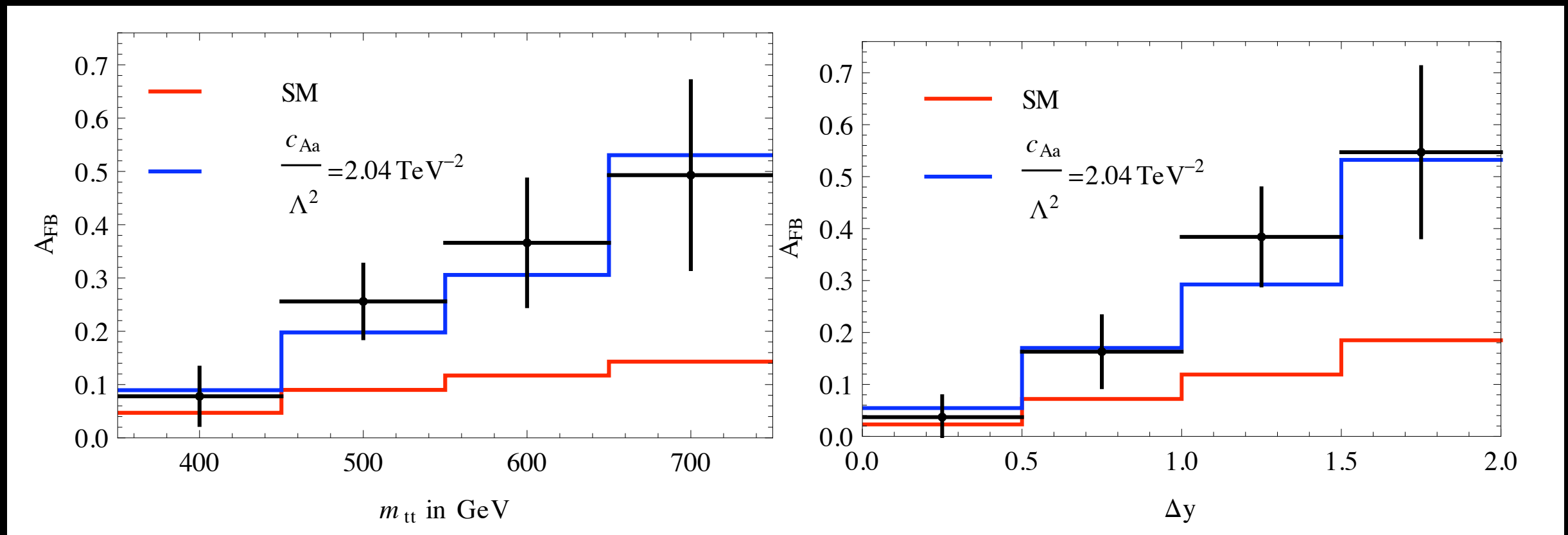
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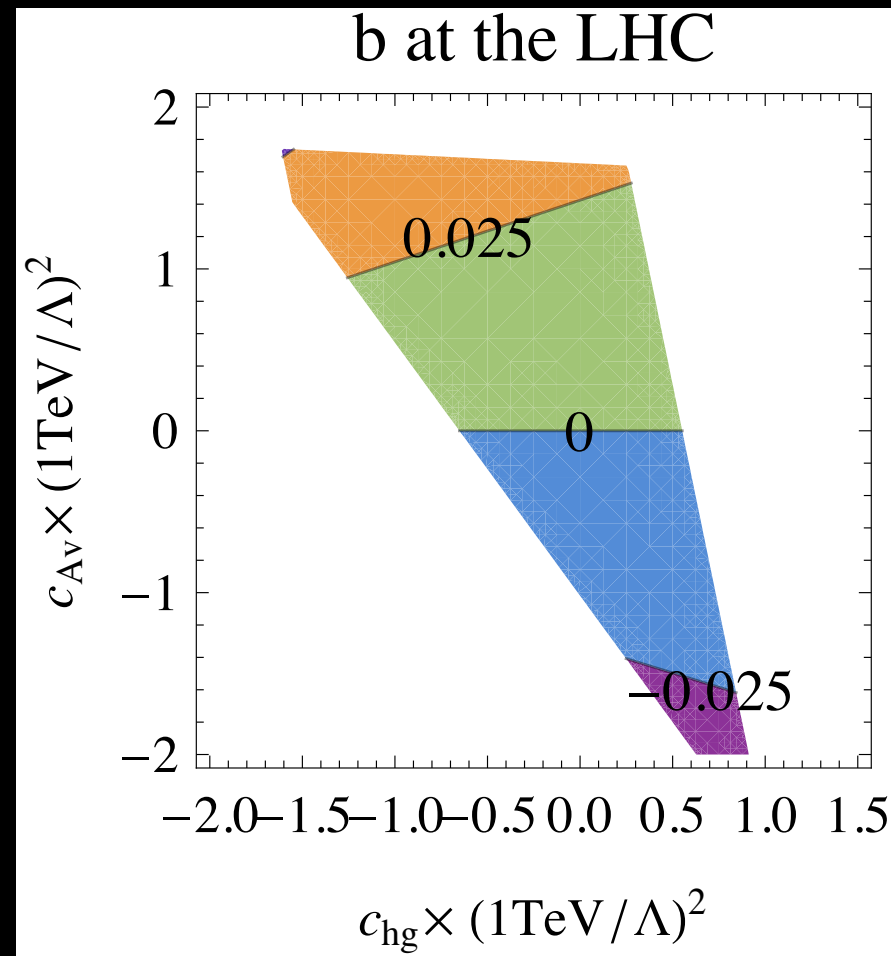
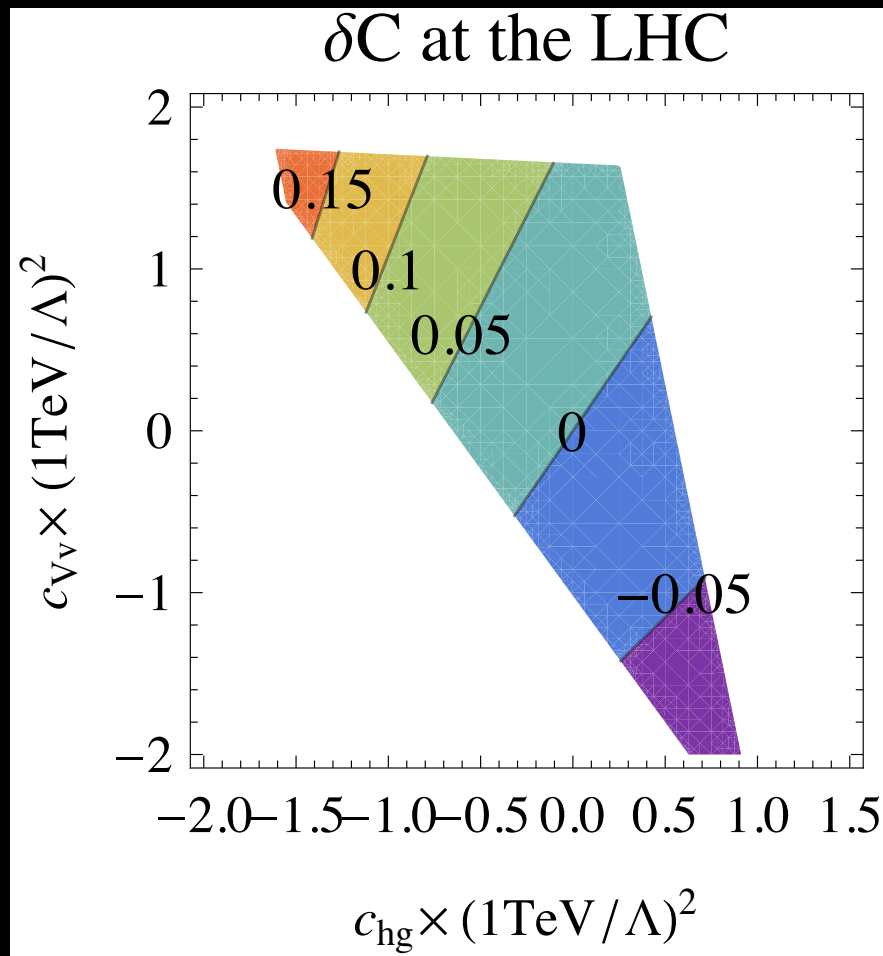
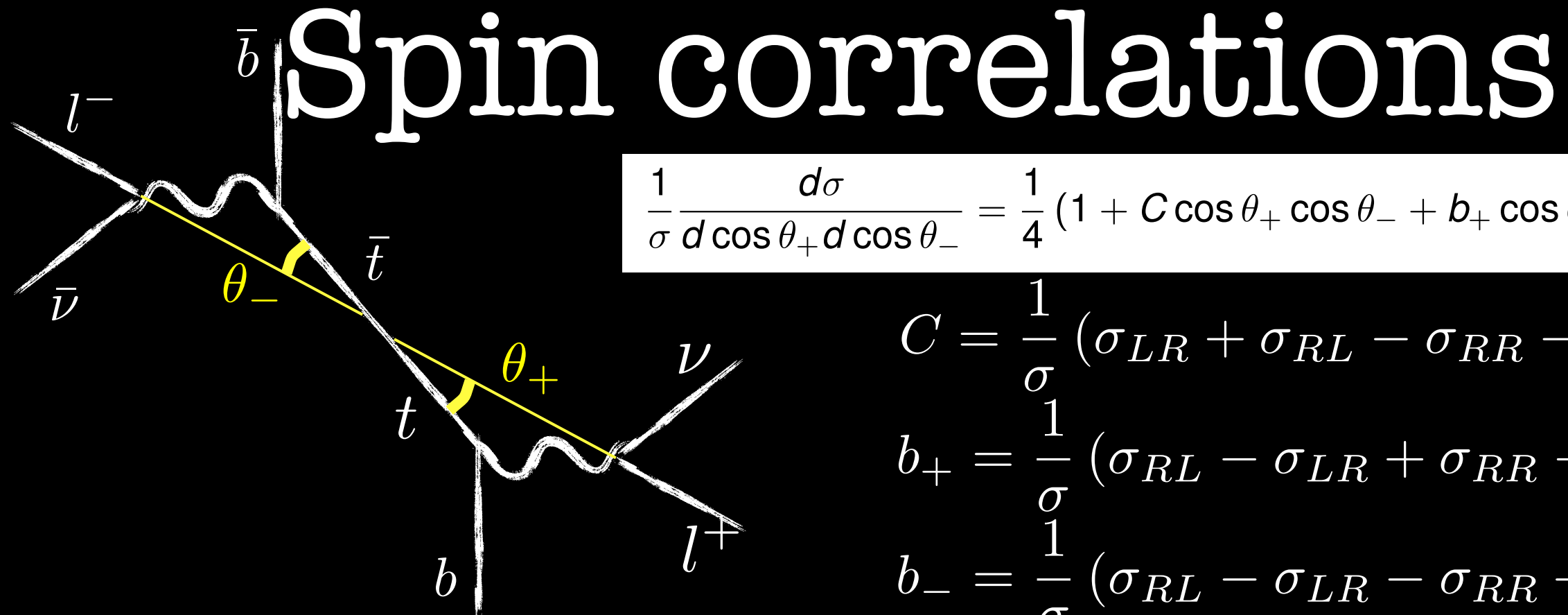
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LHC Charge Asymmetry: $c_{Aa} \left(\frac{1 \text{ TeV}}{\Lambda} \right)^2 = -1.3^{+2.8}_{-1.3} \text{ TeV}^{-2}$

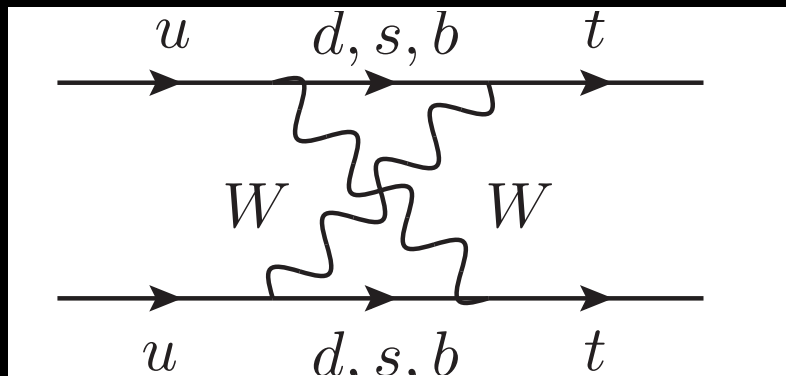
C. Degrande



$$C_{Av} = C_{Rv} - C_{Lv}$$

Same sign top pair production

- Almost no SM contribution



$$\propto m_b^2 V_{ub}^2$$

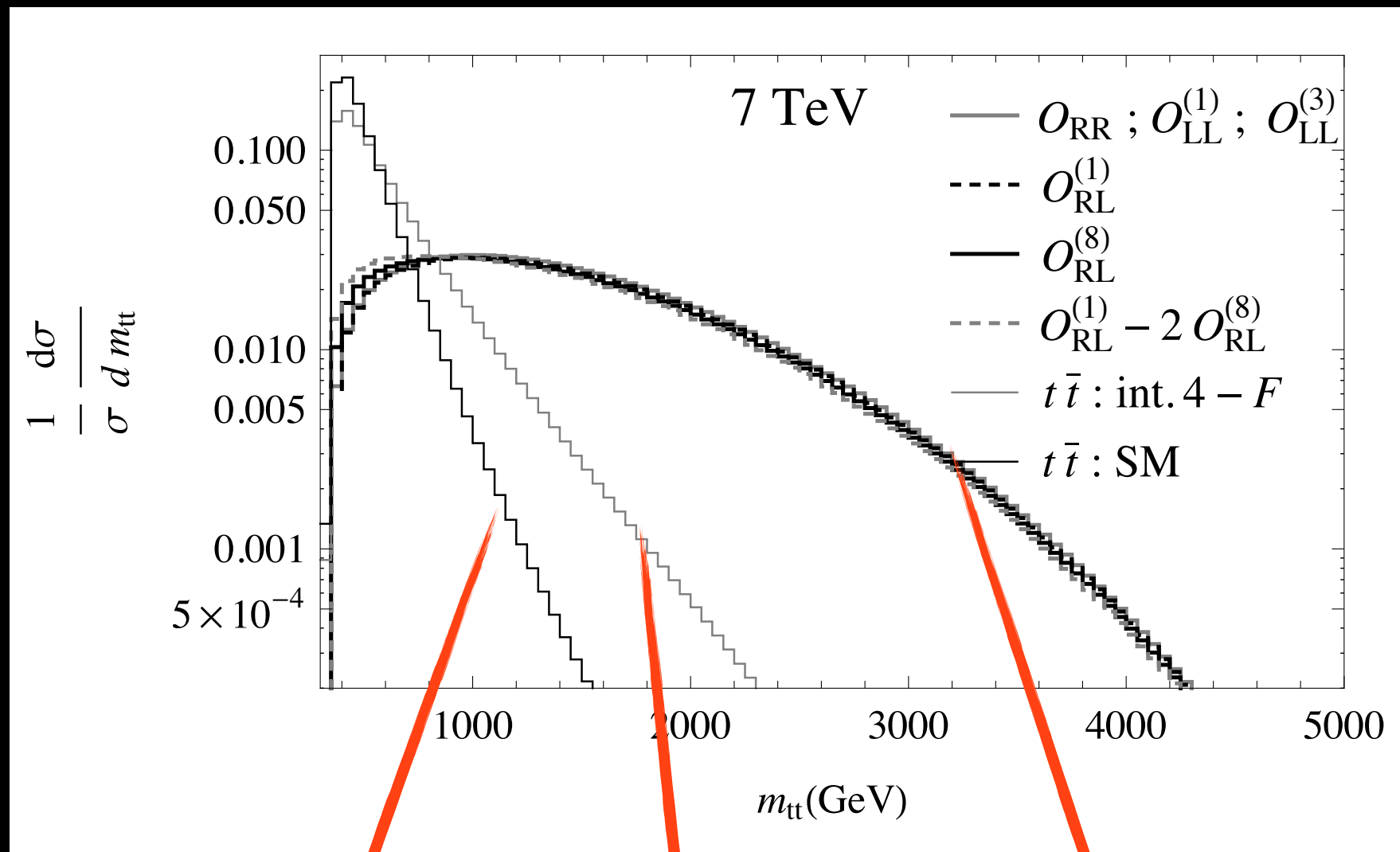
$$|M|^2 \approx 0^2 + 2\Re(0M_{dim6}^*) + |M_{dim6}|^2 + \mathcal{O}(\Lambda^{-6})$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{O}_{RR} &= [\bar{t}_R \gamma^\mu u_R] [\bar{t}_R \gamma_\mu u_R] \\ \mathcal{O}_{LL}^{(1)} &= [\bar{Q}_L \gamma^\mu q_L] [\bar{Q}_L \gamma_\mu q_L] \\ \mathcal{O}_{LL}^{(3)} &= [\bar{Q}_L \gamma^\mu \sigma^a q_L] [\bar{Q}_L \gamma_\mu \sigma^a q_L] \\ \mathcal{O}_{LR}^{(1)} &= [\bar{Q}_L \gamma^\mu q_L] [\bar{t}_R \gamma_\mu u_R] \\ \mathcal{O}_{LR}^{(8)} &= [\bar{Q}_L \gamma^\mu T^A q_L] [\bar{t}_R \gamma_\mu T^A u_R]\end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta F = 2 \neq \Delta F = 0$$

$$\left| c_{LL}^{(1)} + c_{LL}^{(3)} \right| \left(\frac{1 \text{ TeV}}{\Lambda} \right)^2 < 2.1 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

Invariant mass



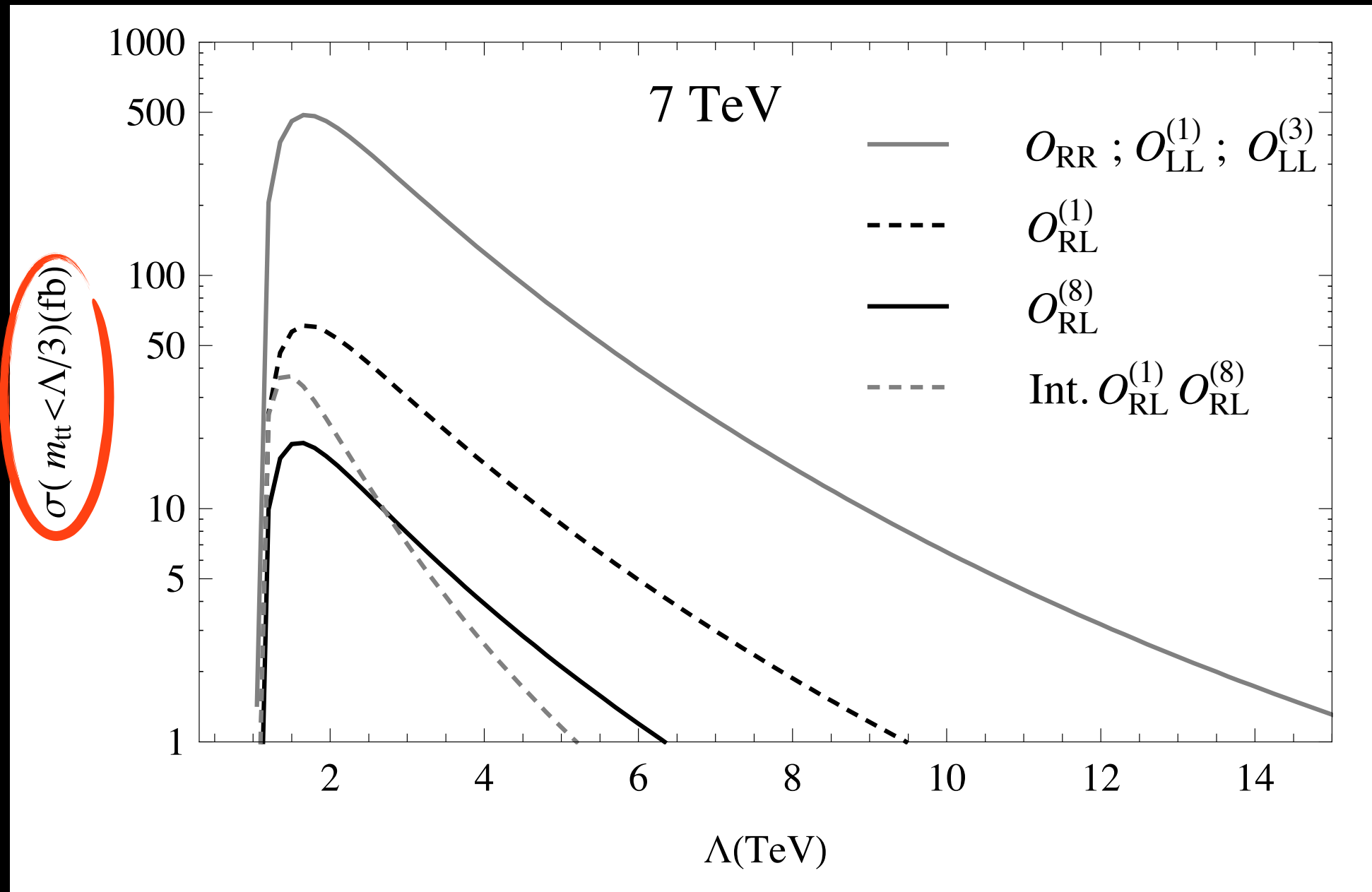
EFT is only valid
at low energies
but a large
contribution
comes from the
high energy
region

$$\sigma \propto 1/s$$

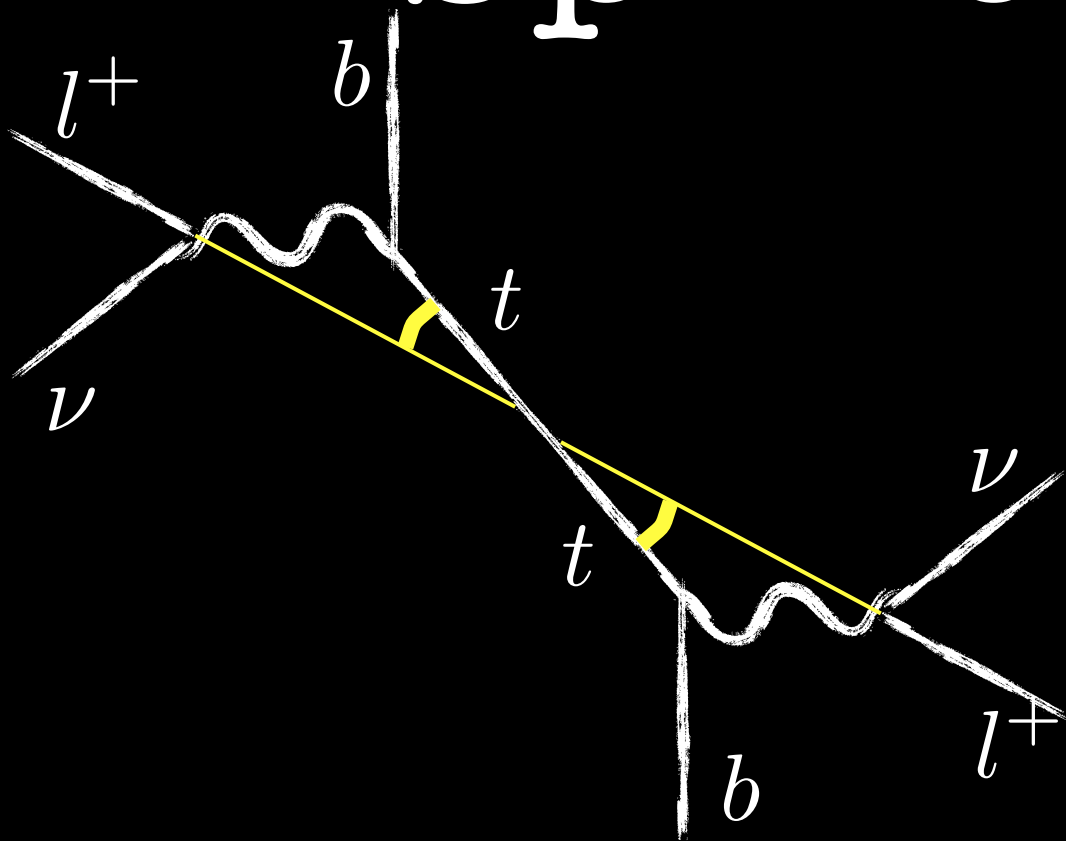
$$\sigma \propto 1/\Lambda^2$$

$$\sigma \propto s/\Lambda^4$$

Cross-section



Spin correlations



$$C = \frac{1}{\sigma} (\sigma_{RR} + \sigma_{LL} - \sigma_{LR} - \sigma_{RL})$$

$$b = \frac{1}{\sigma} (\sigma_{RR} - \sigma_{LL})$$

$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma}{d\cos\theta_1 d\cos\theta_2} = \frac{1}{4} (1 + C \cos\theta_1 \cos\theta_2 + b (\cos\theta_1 + \cos\theta_2))$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{RR} \rightarrow C = 1, b = 0.997$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{LL} \rightarrow C'', b'' = .$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{LR} \rightarrow C \sim 1, b \sim 0$$

Concluding remarks

- EFT is complementary to searches of new particles
- EFT is predictive = guide NP searches
 - Few operators have been neglected (small effects)
 - No new operators for single top
 - Common operators for other processes
- EFT is renormalizable